## Al in Target and Biomarker Discovery

Understanding disease biology using AI to enhance R&D efficiency

July 2022



### **Executive summary**



Artificial Intelligence can augment the development of disease models to offer a more informed hypothesis support for drug discovery and development

- Al allows the processing of volume-velocity-variety of complex scientific data in effective multi-dimensional models
- Advent of new technologies (large scale omics profiling, knowledge graphs, etc.) presents a significant opportunity not only to de-risk the programs but also generate new ideas.



AI can extract hidden signals to build effective hypothesis for target/biomarker identification, repurposing, patient stratification and more

 Al companies use a variety of data types OMICs, unstructured text data (publications, grants, patents), databases, EHR data, pathology data or a combination of multiple data types to drive outcomes with services or self-use software's



BioPharma AI space is gaining momentum with several tech companies offering cutting edge technologies and increasing partnerships with a keen focus on target/biomarker identification

• Since 2011, a total of ~350 AI companies have been incorporated addressing various facets of drug discovery and development



A well-rounded assessment with several considerations are critical to select the right tools/partners from the pool of options

Defining the specific business problem to solve, checking the cleanliness of data for application of ML, selecting the right machine learning model, understanding nuances of operations, security etc. are important to create a successful AI strategy

With over 3 decades of diverse and global biopharma experience and deep understanding of the AI space, MP Team can effectively catalyze your AI initiatives



### Most drugs fail because biology is complex

#### Spread of data across disparate sources and ever-expanding literature leads to inefficient hypothesis building

Understanding the role of genes/targets in disease biology is a crucial step in drug discovery and can define the outcome in terms of the success or failure of trials. However, the outcome of choice becomes fully obvious only years later during clinical development.

٢	3	Underlying reasons		
Commercial & strategic reasons	15	<ul> <li>Stopped for the company's change in strategy.</li> </ul>		
Safety	24	<ul> <li>Unknown effects due to loss of protein- protein interactions.</li> <li>Drug also binds to OFF-targets leading to toxicity.</li> </ul>		
Efficacy	52	<ul> <li>Pathway has other 'Backup' proteins and may not alter the disease enough.</li> <li>Intervention is difficult as the drug is unavailable at the target site.</li> </ul>		

Reasons for failure in phase II and III clinical trials (2013-2015)

Transcriptomic and Proteomics data analysis to understand the change in expression of target proteins during different stages of the disease.



de-risk the programs:

Years of clinical and literature data are being organized into portals and searchable databases.

Advent of new technologies present a significant opportunity to

Genomics/Large scale profiling of individuals to understand the

association of genes with a wide variety of diseases.

However, traditional approaches are unable to take a multi-factorial approach to connect and synthesize complete insights from signals spread across massive yet diverse data types.

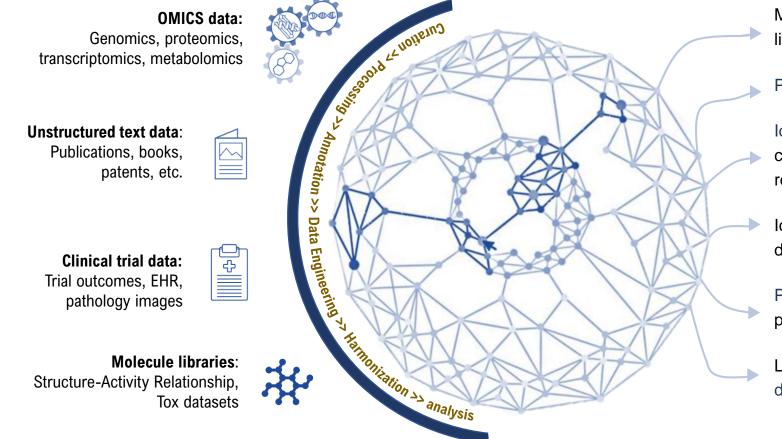


Source: Harrison (2016). Reasons for clinical failures analysis. Nat Rev Drugs Discov.



### Artificial Intelligence can help develop better disease models

Al allows the processing of volume-velocity-variety of complex scientific data in effective multi-dimensional models



Map novel disease pathways combining multi-omics and literature data to identify novel targets.

Predict future toxicity/efficacy using predictive models.

Identify distinct subtypes of the disease with different clinical manifestations and possibly different molecular root causes.

Identify new links between unknown targets and existing drugs for repurposing opportunities.

Precision biomarker discovery to select the right patients for targeted clinical trials.

Link genomic data and identify biomarkers to monitor drug response or progression of the disease.





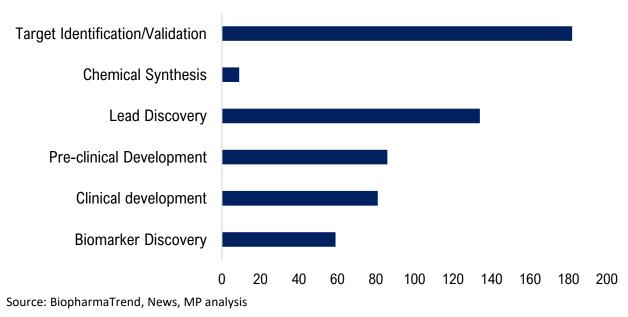
### BioPharma AI space is gaining momentum

#### Target identification/validation and biomarker discovery remain one of the top research use cases for AI

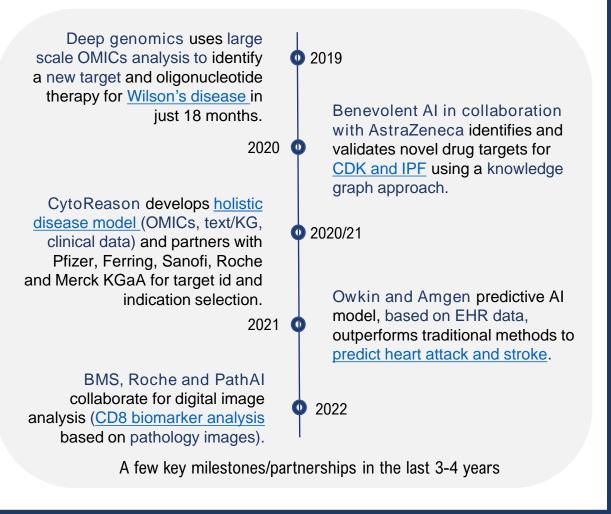
Since 2011, the AI landscape has seen a >600% increase in the number of companies with the total of  $\sim350$  companies in 2021.

Target and biomarker discovery are among the key areas of research cases being addressed by these technologies followed by small-molecule drug design.

#### Distribution of AI companies by stages in the lifecycle



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### AI can catalyze most traditional workflows and applications

Multi-modal approaches provide robust hypothesis generation through multiple evidence sources

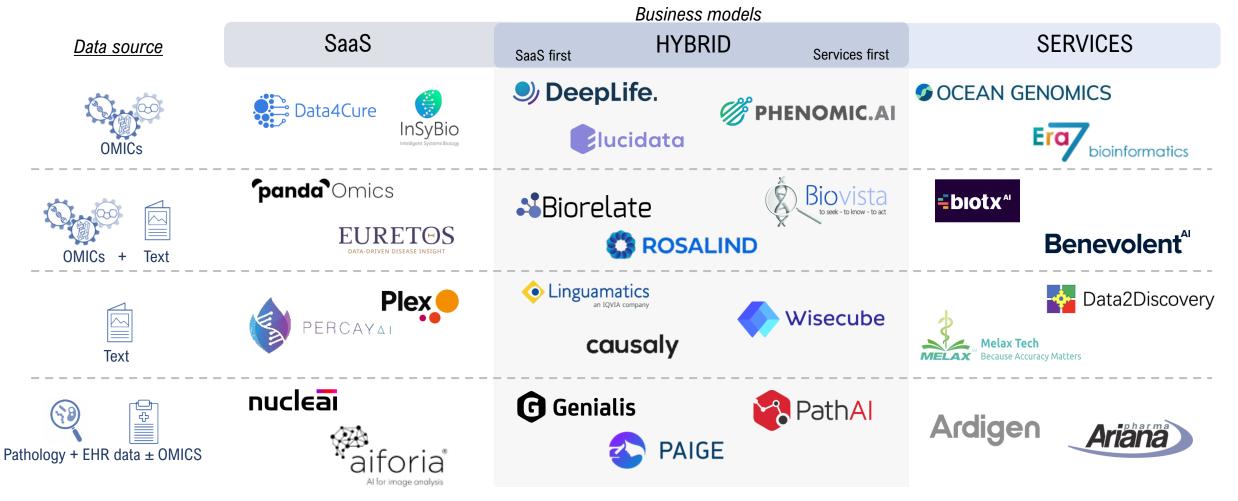
<u>Data source</u>	Increasing complexity						
OMICs	<ul> <li>Seq analysis (DNA seq, RNA seq, Proteomics) to find even weak signals.</li> <li>Identify compact and explainable biomarkers.</li> <li>Automated data curation and meta-annotation.</li> <li>Pathway analysis towards understating MOA.</li> </ul>						
OMICs + Text	<ul> <li>All above analyses augmented with literature support.</li> <li>Comprehensive pathway analysis with augmented support from key biology databases.</li> <li>Building complete in-silico disease models for predicting drug toxicity/efficacy by simulations.</li> </ul>						
Text	<ul> <li>Extract key insights from thousands of publications/clinical trials in a structured data table for analysis.</li> <li>Build hypothesis around MOA/target id/repurposing by exploring data from diverse sources for a structured review.</li> <li>Identify hidden relationships between drug-disease-targets for which enough implicit data may not exist yet.</li> </ul>						
Pathology + EHR data ± OMICS	<ul> <li>Al driven analysis of pathology images is currently being deployed to identify biomarkers for patient stratification. This is often used in conjunction with ML/NLP driven analysis of EHR reports and sometimes with OMICs data to drive biomarker id/stratification.</li> </ul>						





### Diverse AI players solving similar problems with different offerings

#### Complexity of the application typically guides the business model







elucidata

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Founded 2013	Location United States	<b>Key Offerings:</b> Curated OMICs Configurable ML-Ops platform. Elucidata's platform, Polly, is an ML C network analysis. Additionally, they offer through APIs or used for analysis on the	Dps platform with several predefin r meta-annotated and clean omics	ed pipelines for OMICs data and
$\bigcirc$		Problem	Solution	Impact
Size 131 employees Key Clients	Funding \$7.6 M (pre-series A)	<ul> <li>To identify differentiation targets in Acute Myeloid Lymphoma or AML and other oncology indications such as neuroblastoma and melanoma.</li> <li>Development of accurate, explainable ML models for</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Made OmixAtlas available across enterprise enabling Auron's internal research team to collaborate.</li> <li>Built a customized pipeline to process heterogenous data (public and in-house).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The application of Polly platform helped Auron identify <u>2+ novel targets in AML</u>, of which 1 was validated.</li> <li>The target was identified within <u>2-3 months</u>, significantly shorter than the</li> </ul>
A Member of the Roche Group	( <sup>III</sup> Bristol Myers Squibb <sup>®</sup>	Target ID and Patient stratification.	<ul> <li>Built and deployed a proprietary ML model for patient classification.</li> </ul>	average 1-2 years time period.
Source: Company website; Primary resea	arch	OMICS data: Genomics, transcriptomics, metabolomics		Molecule libraries: Structure-Activity Relationship, Tox datasets
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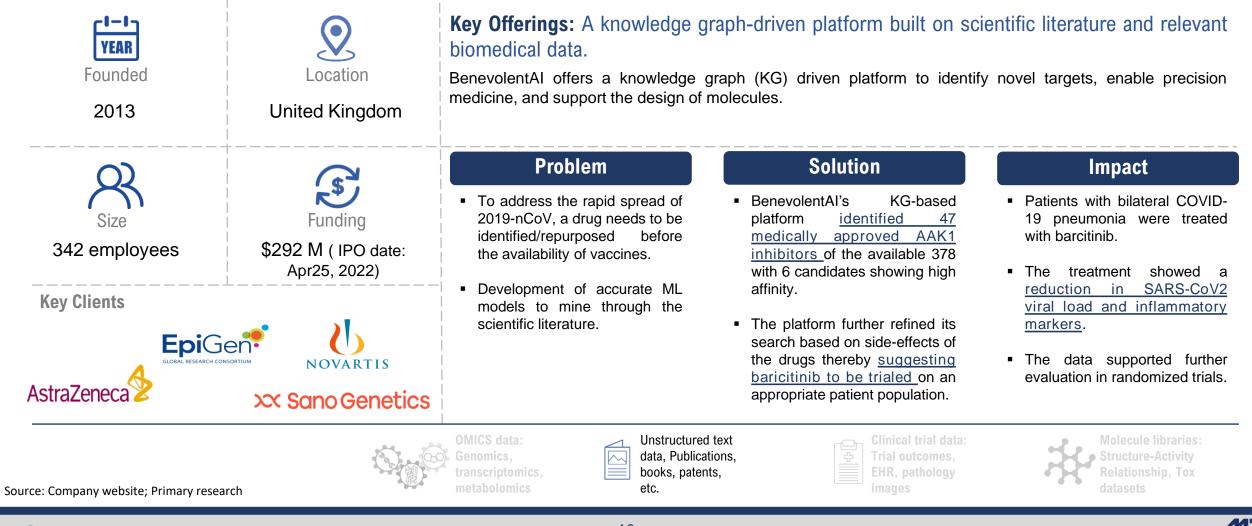
# Advisors

Advisors

# **G** Genialis

YEARFounded2011	Location United States	<b>Key Offerings:</b> Biomarker discovery platform; Software for analyzing sequence models for patient stratification. Genialis' platform, ResponderID, provides a data management framework to organize and anal datasets for biomarker id and patient stratification. Additionally, they offer their proprietary softw Expressions with pre-configured pipelines to interpret and visualize sequencing data.		
$\bigcirc$		Problem	Solution	Impact
Size 29 employees Key Clients Roche Boehringer Ingelheim	\$2.5 M (Seed round)	<ul> <li>based TME panel into a disease-agnostic predictive biomarker system.</li> <li>Development of accurate, clinically robust ML models for regulatory and commercial purposes.</li> </ul>	Artificial Neural Network applied on RNA-seq data from patient tumours to classify patients into one of the stromal phenotypes of cancer. Biomarker status is decided based on the mechanism of action or MoA of each drug. Non-population-based model ready for clinical development.	<ul> <li>The Xerna TME Panel now includes normalized gene expression data.</li> <li>The Xerna TME Panel is in development as a clinical trial assay and has been <u>licensed by Qiagen for development as a companion diagnostic for navicixizumab as a Research Use Only assay.</u></li> </ul>
Source: Company website; Primary researc	h	OMICS data: Genomics, transcriptomics, metabolomics Unstructured text data, Publications, books, patents, etc.	Clinical trial data: Trial outcomes, EHR, pathology images	Molecule libraries: Structure Activity Relationship, Tox datasets
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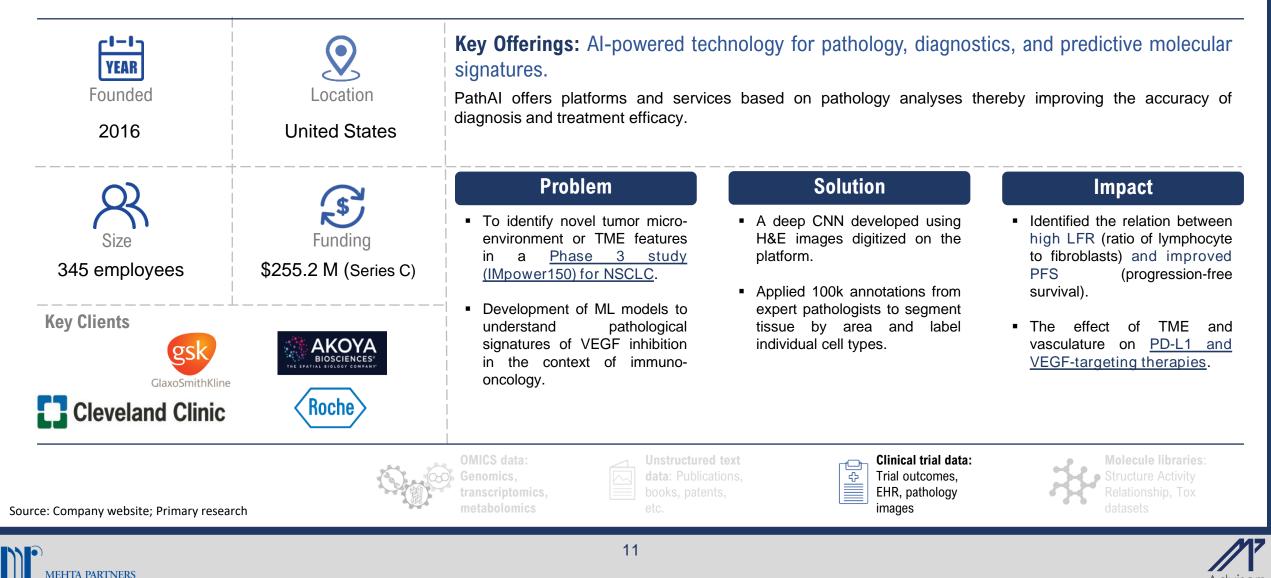
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### Key considerations prior to AI adoption

## A well-designed pilot study, while setting realistic expectations is critical while assessing the platform and gain long term confidence

With several companies and tools addressing similar problems, it is crucial to invest time and resources to identify and assess the right tool for one's needs. Understanding internal capabilities/skill sets and priorities are equally important while assessing the platform to establish the right fit. A poorly designed collaboration is likely to yield disappointment due to unrealistic expectations.



#### Problem statement

Is the adoption to improve the overall efficiency or accuracy? Or are you trying advance a specific scientific problem? Is the aim to empower/build an internal team for the future or identify an outsourcing partner?

#### Data

Do you have enough data to apply ML/DL? Is it public or private data? Is the data clean? Does the partner have the right skill sets to clean the data? Does the partner have proprietary data sets?

#### Models, benchmarking and modularity

The selection of the right type of ML (supervised, unsupervised, active, transfer, etc.) is critical for the functioning of the platform. Does the partner have the right models? Are the benchmarking studies done with a suitable dataset? Does the platform allow integration of your internal models?

#### **Operations and Security**

Would the data stay on your cloud/premise or be transferred to the partner's ecosystem? Is the system secure? When would the client delete data from the cloud? Is it enough time to revisit the analysis?



#### Partnership structure

Is it simple enough to adopt as a SaaS after initial training? Does the partner provide implementation services? How to design a successful POC with enough stage gates?



#### Return on Investment

Is it an out-of-the-box solution or will need testing before providing the desirable outcome? How to model the ROI? What internal skill sets can improve ROI?





### MP Group can catalyze your Al initiative

MP group is deeply involved in the AI for pharma space. We regularly interact with 50+ AI biotechs offering diverse AI-driven applications in the drug discovery lifecycle.

With over 3 decades of diverse experience and integrated perspective in domestic and global BioPharma, MP Team will be happy to be an extension of your management team and help with one or more of the below initiatives:

- Asses the internal capabilities and identify the key business segments for potential disruption/augmentation by AI platforms
- Identify business segments for short-term and long-term benefits from AI interventions
- Identify partnering or investment opportunities unique/relevant to the company's vision
- Technical due diligence to investigate the AI platforms best suited for the specific needs
- Build and implement short term and long-term AI strategy for drug discovery





### We invite you to write to us -

Viren Mehta mehta@mpglobal.com

Neel Fofaria neel@mpadvisor.com Amandeep Singh amandeep@mpadvisor.com



